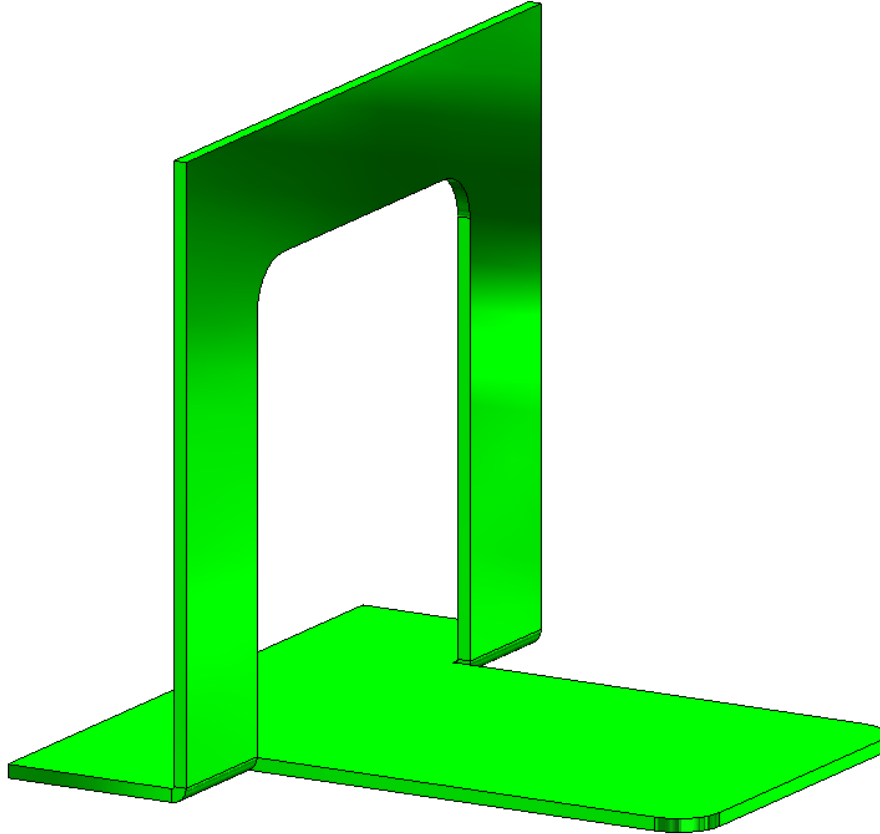


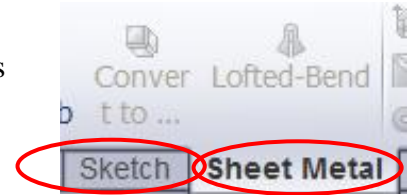
## Bookend Exercise 3.



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<b>Prerequisite Knowledge</b>	Previous knowledge of the following commands is required to complete this lesson; <b>Sketch</b> (Line, Centerline, Circle, Add Relations, Smart Dimension, Mirror Entities), <b>Sheet Metal tools</b> and <b>Edit Materials</b> .
<b>Focus of lesson</b>	This lesson focuses on designing a sheet metal part from the flattened state. In this case, you create a sheet metal part and then insert bend lines on which to fold the part.
<b>Commands Used</b>	This lesson includes Sketching, Base Flange, Extruded Cut and Sketched Bend.
<b>New File</b>	Create a new part file.
<b>Save File</b>	Save the file as ' <b>Bookend</b> ' to a folder called ' <b>Bookend</b> '  (Continue to save periodically throughout the exercise)

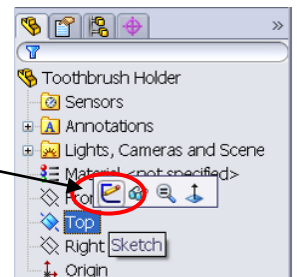
**Getting Started**      Activate Sketch and Sheet Metal tabs on the command manager as outlined in earlier exercises



**Creating a sketch**      How do we start to model the bookend as a sheet metal part?

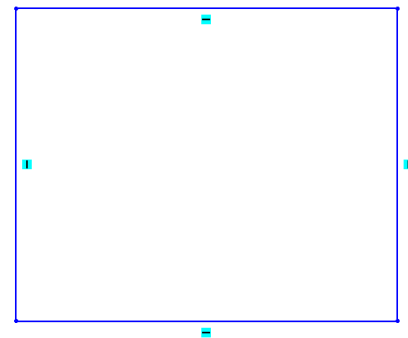
We begin by creating a sketch to generate the rectangular piece of acrylic required to manufacture the object.

**Choosing a plane**      Choose the **Top plane** from the Design Tree and select the sketch icon from the pop up toolbar



**Creating a sketch**      Select the **Corner Rectangle** command and create a sketch of a rectangle as shown

Origin →

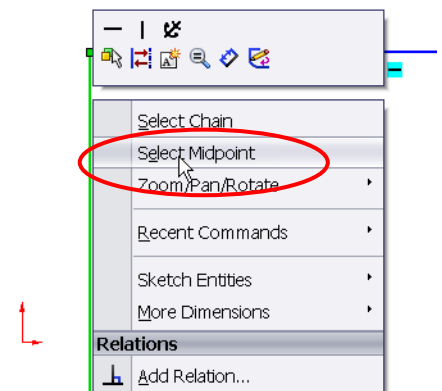


We need to place the midpoint of one of the vertical sides of the rectangle on the Origin

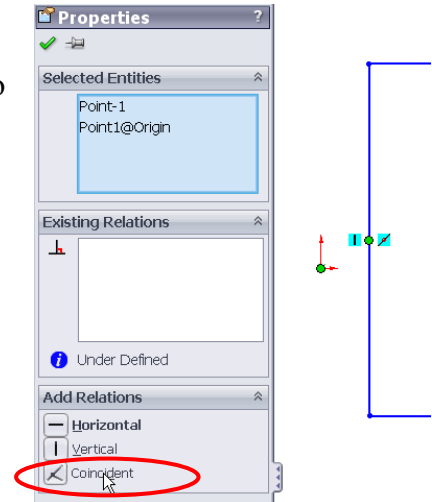
Select the vertical line and right click.

Choose 'Select Midpoint' from the pop up toolbar

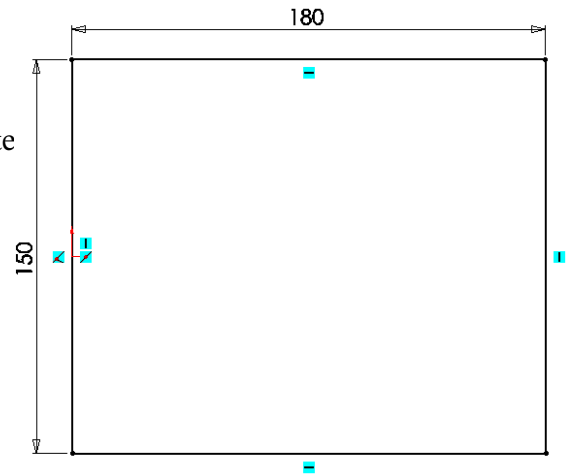
Hold down the 'Ctrl' key and select the Origin



Add a 'Coincident' relation between the two points



**Smart Dimension** Dimension the sketch as shown opposite



Exit the sketch when fully defined

### Creating the Sheet Metal Feature

Select Base Flange from the Sheet Metal toolbar

Select the sketch

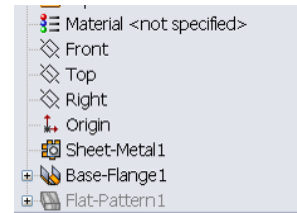
Apply a thickness of 3mm

Select Ok 



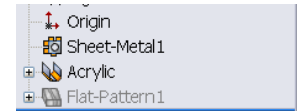
You will notice that three items are added to the Design Tree:

- Sheet-Metal1 containing the properties of the part
- Base-Flange1 which is the feature just created
- Flat-Pattern1 which is suppressed



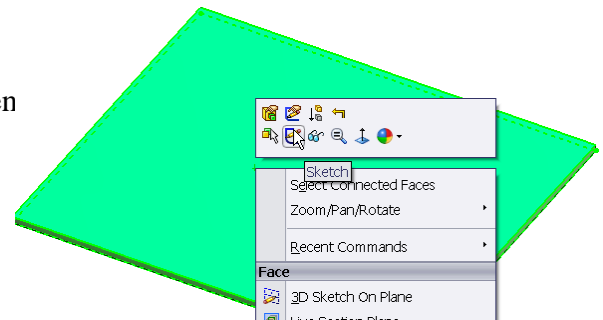
### Rename Base Flange1

Rename this feature as 'Acrylic'



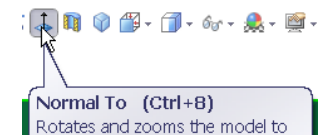
### Saw Cut

Right click the top face as indicated. The chosen face will highlight in green as shown.



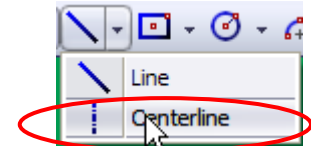
Select the sketch icon from the pop up toolbar

Select 'Normal to'

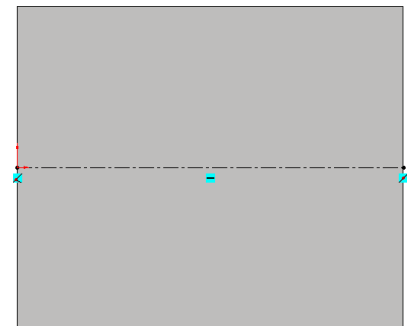


### Creating the Sketch

From the sketch toolbar select 'Centreline' from the drop down menu of the line command.

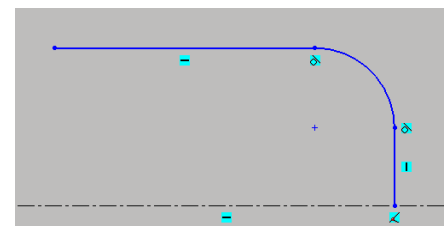


Sketch a horizontal centreline from the Origin

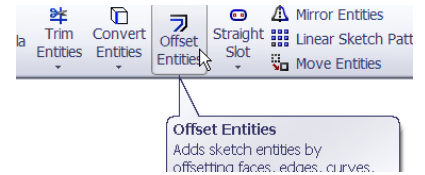


Using the 'Line' command, create a sketch of one side of the saw cut

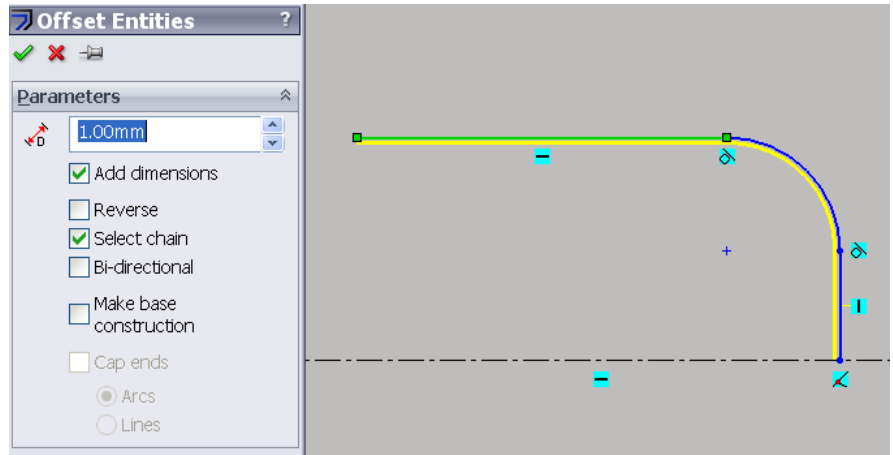
We will use 'Offset Entities' to create the width of the saw cut



Select '**Offset Entities**' from the Sketch toolbar

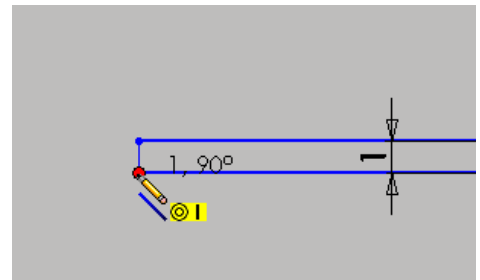


Choose an offset distance of 1mm (width of saw cut) and accept



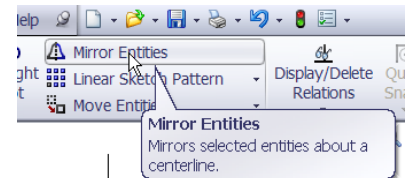
Join the end points of offset entities using the '**Line**' command as shown

**Note:** Do not join the endpoints on the centreline

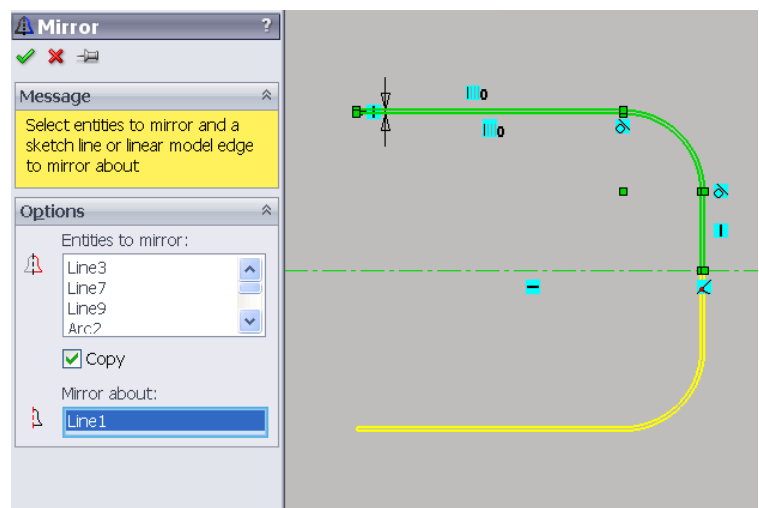


## Mirror the Entities

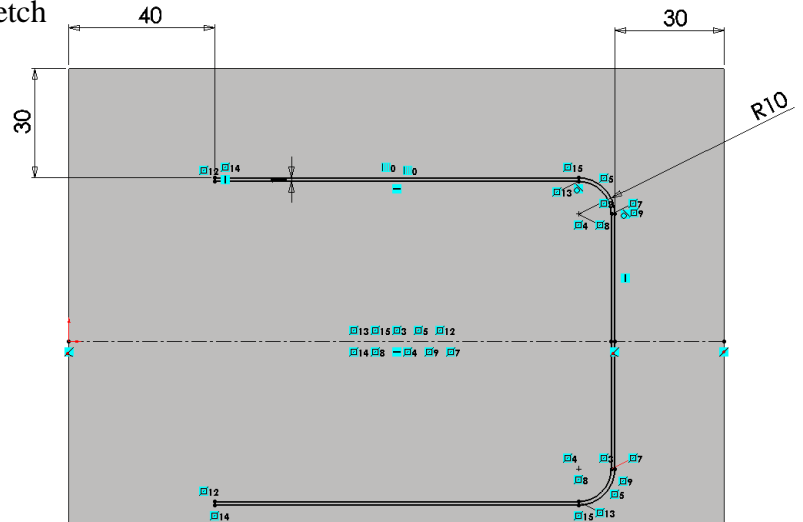
Select '**Mirror Entities**' from the sketch toolbar.



Select the lines to mirror. Mirror about the centreline of the face.



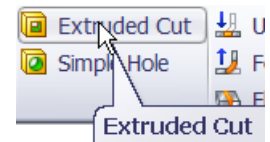
Smart Dimension the sketch  
as shown



Exit the sketch


**Extruded Cut**

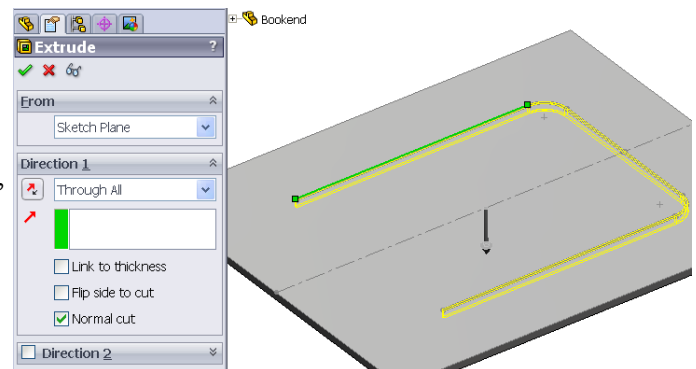
Select Extruded Cut from the sheet metal toolbar.



Select the previous sketch  
created

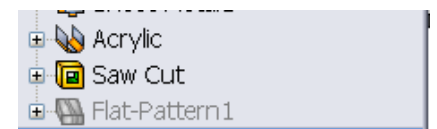
Choose 'Through All' as the  
end condition of 'Direction 1'

Select Ok 



**Rename feature**

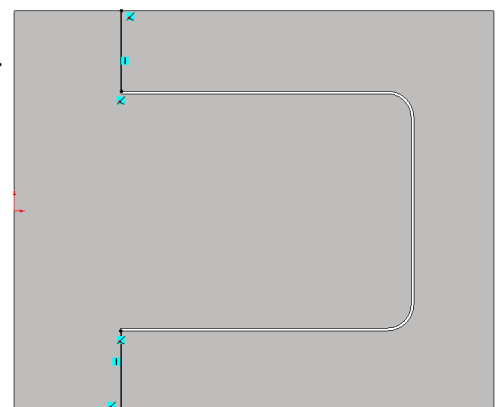
Rename feature as 'Saw Cut'.



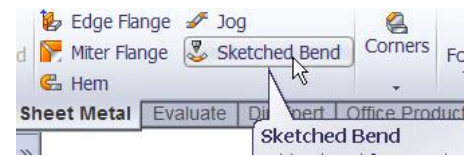
**Sketched Bend**

Create a sketch on the top face of the acrylic.  
Using the 'Line' command, sketch two  
vertical lines coincident with the endpoints  
of the saw cut.  
These lines will be used as the bending line.

Exit the sketch

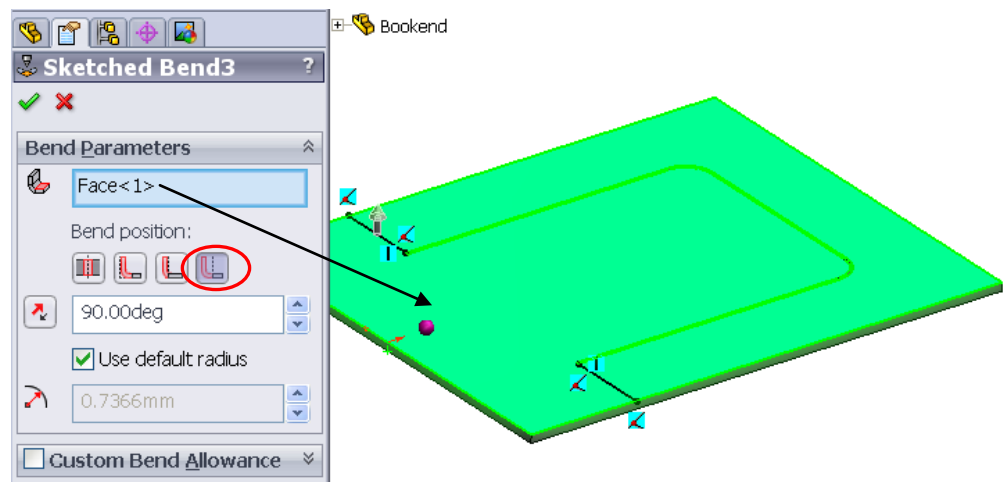


Select 'Sketched Bend' from the Sheet Metal toolbar.



Select the following options in the property manager:

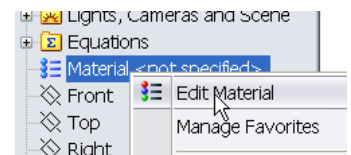
- The face that you wish to remain horizontal after the bending process
- 'Bend Outside' as the Bend Position
- 90° as the bending angle
- Default radius as the bending radius



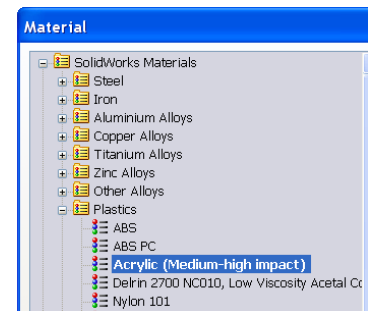
Select Ok

**Edit Material**

Right click on 'Materials <not specified>' in the Design Tree and select 'Edit Material'



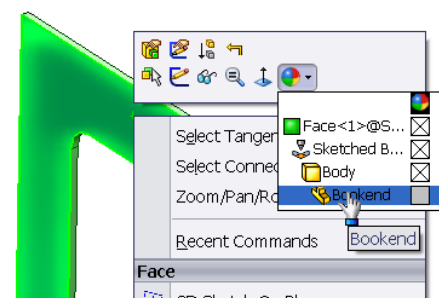
Scroll down to the 'Plastics' folder and select 'Acrylic (Medium-high impact)' and choose 'Apply' and 'Close'




**Apply Colour**

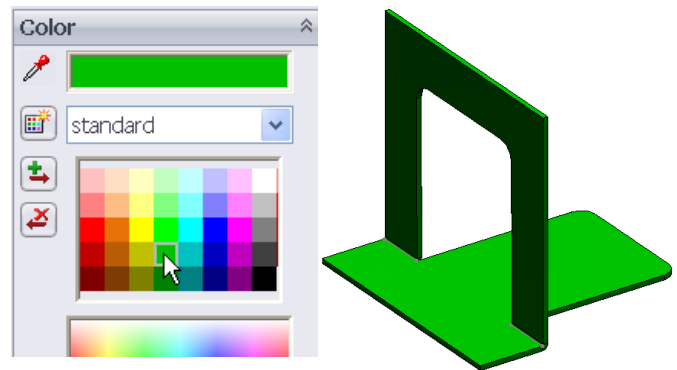
Right click on any face of the bookend

Choose the Appearance icon and select the 'Bookend' part



Select a colour from the swatch  
in the Appearances Property  
Manager

Select Ok 



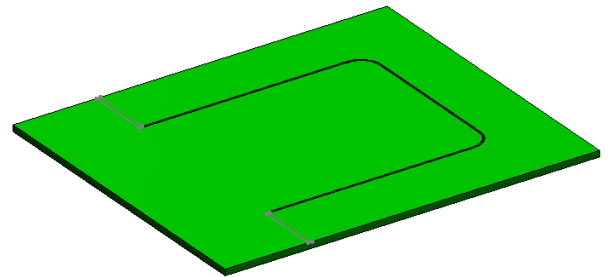
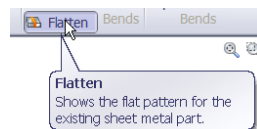
Improve the image quality if desired.

### Unsuppress Flat-pattern

Right click on the 'Flat-Pattern1' feature and choose  
**Unsuppress** from the pop-up toolbar

*or*

Select 'Flatten' from the sheet metal toolbar



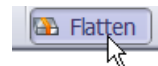
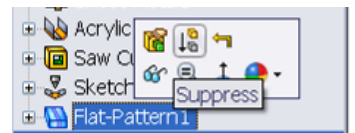
The sheet metal model flattens  
out into the surface development  
used to create it.

### Suppress

Left click on **Flat-Pattern1** and choose  
**Suppress** to return to the unflattened state

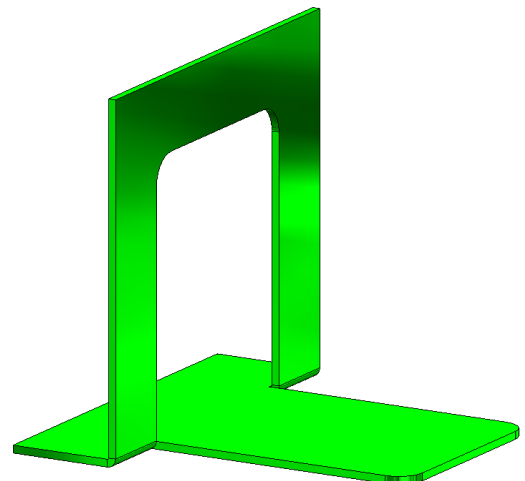
*or*

Click on 'Flatten' in the sheet metal toolbar

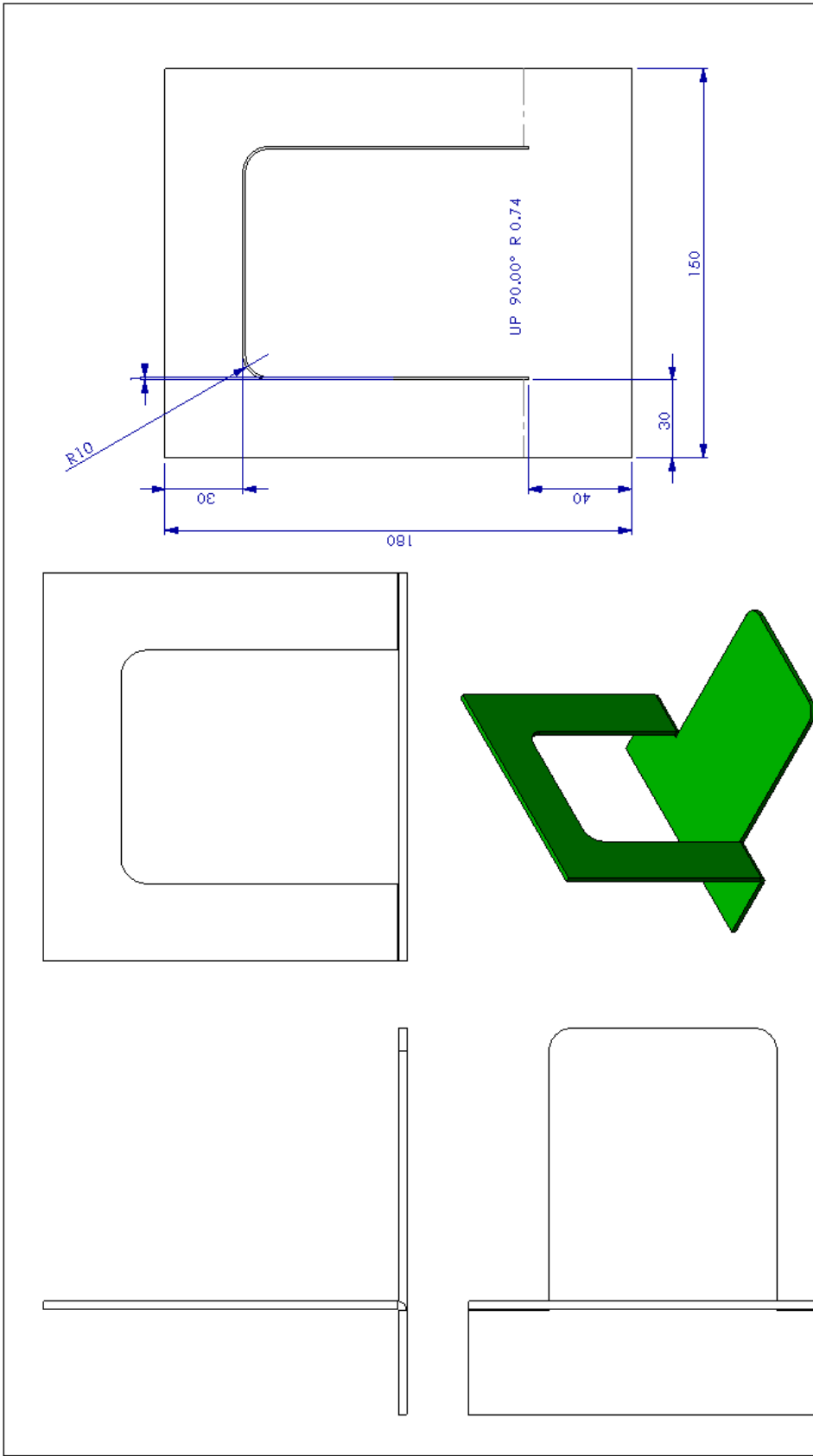


### Save

Save the 'Bookend' part file.







Technical drawing of a bookend component. The main drawing shows a 2D view with dimensions: overall width 180, overall height 150, a 30mm wide base, a 40mm wide top section, and a 30mm wide vertical section. A 90-degree bend is shown with a radius of R10. The text "UP 90.00° R 0.74" is written vertically. Below the main drawing are three other views: a side view, a perspective view (colored green), and a front view.

<b>TECHNOLOGY</b>		UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN mm	
TITLE		SHEET	SHEET COUNT
Bookend		A4	1/1
DRAWN BY: YOUR NAME HERE	DATE: 05/05/2010	SCALE: 1:1	
